



## **European Fossil Fuel Initiatives**

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**Zero Emissions Power – Current Developments** 

Coal Research Forum, Advanced Power Generation Division Meeting, International Power, Rugeley, 20 June 2007

#### **Outline of Presentation**

The Global Energy Scene

The Fossil Energy Coalition



The European Technology Platform on Zero
 Emissions Fossil Fuel Power Plant



### The Global Energy Scene

Population and income growth

Climate protection targets

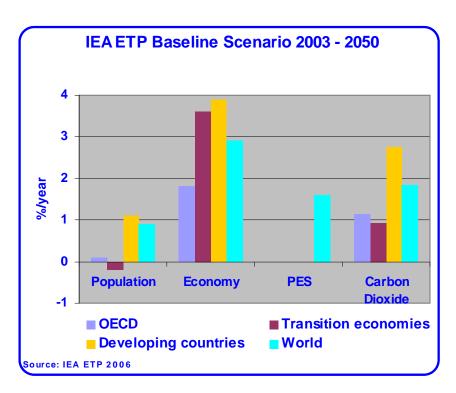
PES Increase

Significant role of REN only in medium or long term

Nuclear renaissance vs. acceptance

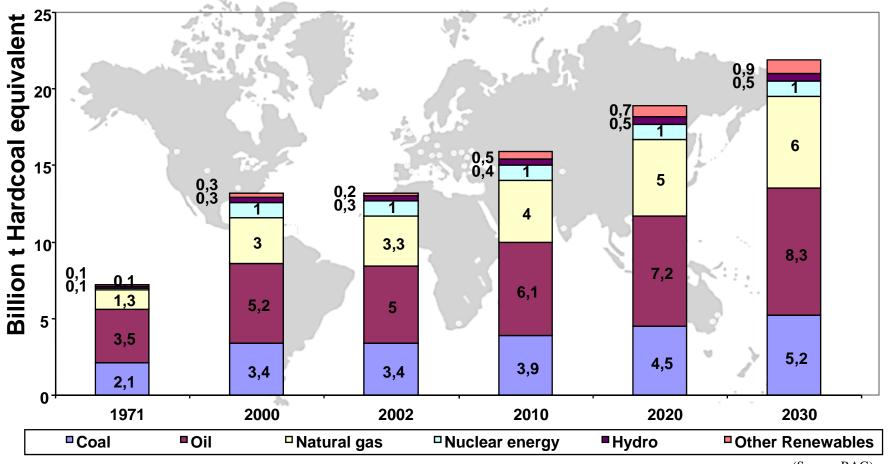
Significant role of fossil fuels

CO<sub>2</sub> emissions growth



Decarbonisation of energy supply needs the full range of technological solutions and further development of fossil fuel technology

## Global Primary Energy Consumption



(Source: RAG)

#### FENCO - what is it?



- FENCO the Fossil Energy Coalition is a Coordination Action (CA) initiative being undertaken within the EC's Framework Programme 6
- It is one of many European Research Area Networks (ERA-NETs)
- It is a governmental initiative with partners being either government ministries or those bodies mandated by such ministries to manage programmes on their behalf
- The focus of FENCO is at the Programme rather than the project level

#### **Issues and Drivers for FENCO**



#### Fragmentation of EU-wide energy technology research

- Up to 27 national research programmes
- Significant thematic overlap
- Lack of critical mass

#### **Inefficiencies**

- Lack of EU-wide coordination of research expenditures
- Decrease in competitiveness (especially at the EU level)

There would be benefit in coordination and harmonisation of programmes at EU level

### **FENCO:** Focus and Objectives



To establish European level conformity of R&D programmes to meet the needs of

- EU members
- EU industry
- EU academia

To develop a fossil fuel energy technology path and identify:

- Opportunities to share knowledge
- Funding options to step-by-step improvement of fossil fuel energy technologies

The ultimate goal to enable EU Industry to compete effectively in the global market

To define technology paths towards zero emission power plants

## **FENCO Project Partners**



**Partners** 

FZJ - PtJ

**BMWi** 

**BMWA** 

**AFI** 

**Energinet.dk** 

**GSRT** 

**CERTH** 

**SENTERNOVEM** 

**RCN** 

**FCT** 

**MEC** 

dti

**AEA Energy & Environment** 



Affiliated Partners - Gig, MoEaC and MoE

#### **FENCO – Work Packages**



- **WP1 Coordination and Management PtJ, Germany**
- WP2 Information Exchange and National Fossil Fuel R&D Programmes AEA Energy & Environment, UK
- WP3 Strategic Activities PtJ/STE, Germany and AEA Energy & Environment, UK
- **WP4 Joint Actions CERTH, Greece**
- WP5 Trans-national R&D Activities SenterNovem, Netherlands
- **WP6 Communication and Dissemination FCT, Portugal**

## WP2 – Gathering and Exchange of Programme Information



Questionnaire approach agreed

Built on existing ERA-NET questionnaires e.g. HY-CO, Bio-energy and SUSPRISE to develop FENCO-ERA questionnaire

Task sharing by Partners for information gathering

#### **Questionnaire (spreadsheet based) included:**

- General questions, contact details, etc.
- Technical scope of programmes
- Non-technical issues
- Programme operation and administration

Designed to enable easy subsequent incorporation into database

### **Programmes Database**



Initial responses from questionnaire incorporated into a database

Preliminary analysis identified gaps and need for a further information

Supplementary questionnaire responses incorporated into database

Database presented at FENCO Workshop at Thessaloniki, 6 and 7 November 2006

A further database on non- EU and International Programmes is in preparation

## **National Programmes of FENCO**Partner Countries



	Programme	Annual Budget (Mio €)	Number of Projects
Germany	COORETEC GEOTECHNOLOGIEN	20 3,5	180 11
Austria	AFFF	0,1	(1) just started
Denmark	PSO-research & development-programme	10	60
Greece	OPERATIONAL PROGRAMME COMPETITIVENESS "Collaborations for Research and Technological Development in sectors of national priority".  a. CP "Natural Environment and Sustainable Development", b. CP 'Renewable Energy Sources and Energy Saving'	Concerted Pro-gramme (CP) 10.8 5.2	12 projects under realisation
Netherlands	Several	48,5	200
Norway	Program for environmentally friendly gas power technology – CLIMIT	6,2	22
Portugal	Energy Programme	3	50
Spain	ENP, Clean use	23 / 1	102 / 8
UK	Since 2005 CATS as follow-up of the Cleaner Fossil Fuel Programme (CFF)	10	60

## **Programme Evaluation Procedures**



	COORETEC: Continuous Open Call, Evaluation by Projektträger, Single contracts GEOTECHNOLOGIEN: Open Call, Panel of international Experts, Joint Projects
	Two calls per year, assessment by an Advisory Committee
	One call per year. Evaluation by panels of experts, relevant to the thematic areas (peer view). Single contracts.
	Open call. Submission by collaborations of research entities and business enterprises.  Evaluation by panels of experts, relevant to the thematic areas, invited from abroad (peer view). Single Contracts.
	1.Call and independent experts     2. Single contracts
	Selection mechanism is by using peer review (referees) and expert panels, similar to the EC system
<b>*</b>	Call for proposals, Evaluation by independent panel of national and international scientists Proposals are classified and proposed for support depending on the budget availability
	Three calls per year, Evaluation Committee
	Open call with assessment by an Advisory Committee

## **FENCO WP3: Preliminary Analysis of National Activities**



Activity	Advanced fossil plants and CO2 Capture	CO2 use and storage	Infra- structure and environment	Market regulation and policy	Communica -tion and public acceptance
Watching brief	EL, Pt, L, P	EL, L, P, Pt	A	A,	A, Pt
R&D	A	A	(D). Dk, F, N, NL, UK	D, Dk, F, NL, N, UK	F, NL, UK (D)
R&D and pilot plant demonstration	E, F, Dk, NL	E, F	N/A	N/A	?
R&D, pilot and full-scale demonstration	N, D(?), UK(?)	N, NL(?), D(?), UK(?)	N/A	N/A	?

#### Potential areas for collaboration



- Monitoring and assessment of full-scale CO2 storage projects.
- R&D on infra-structure, long-term integrity and environmental impacts of CO2 storage.
- R&D to support market regulation and policy development.
- R&D to support communication and public acceptance strategies.
- R&D and pilot plant demonstration of CO2 use and storage.
- R&D and pilot plant demonstration of advanced fossil plant and CO2 capture

## **Conclusions of preliminary analysis**



The assessment has identified a preliminary list of broad areas for EU level collaboration and programmes.

The most difficult area is support for full-scale CCS demonstration because of cost, commercial competition, IPR, and because national programmes have less leverage over these projects.

The analysis has not looked at sub-technical areas (e.g. post combustion vs. pre-combustion vs. oxy-fuel) to consider if there are subsidiary issues.

All bar one FENCO respondents indicated that national programmes could collaborate on a task share but <u>not</u> a cost share basis.

#### FENCO – current position



#### A workshop was held at Vienna in April 2007 to:

- Exchange experience of common calls
- Review common call procedures
- Identify possible themes for common calls within FENCO
- Discuss the thematic priorities for the ZEP

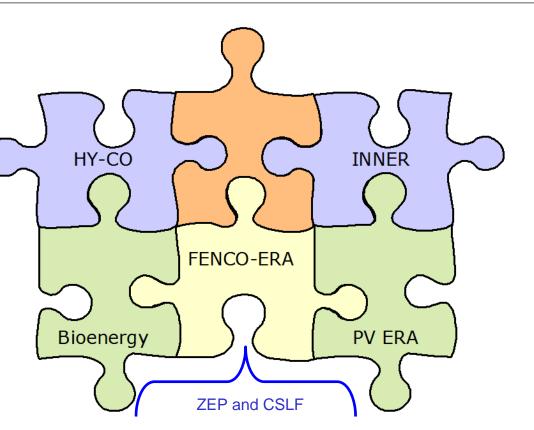
Subsequent FENCO working meetings at Vienna in May 2007 and Berlin in June 2007 are progressing towards a common call

## **FENCO – Links to other initiatives**



Opportunity to create a critical mass activity in Europe

Needs to be part of an overall strategic framework addressing clean fossil fuels as a key element of the energy portfolio



#### **FENCO** and the **ZEP** ETP

- FENCO Governmental lead
- ZEP Facilitated by the EC but Industry lead
- However commonality of membership of FENCO Executive Committee and ZEP Government Coordination Group. Joint meetings held where appropriate
- Some complementary activities

#### **ZEP Set-up and Vision**



## The Vision: To enable European fossil fuel power plants to have zero emission of CO<sub>2</sub> by 2020.

Primary task to set strategic research agenda (SRA) and deployment document (SDD) as major input to EC FP7 (2007 - 2013)

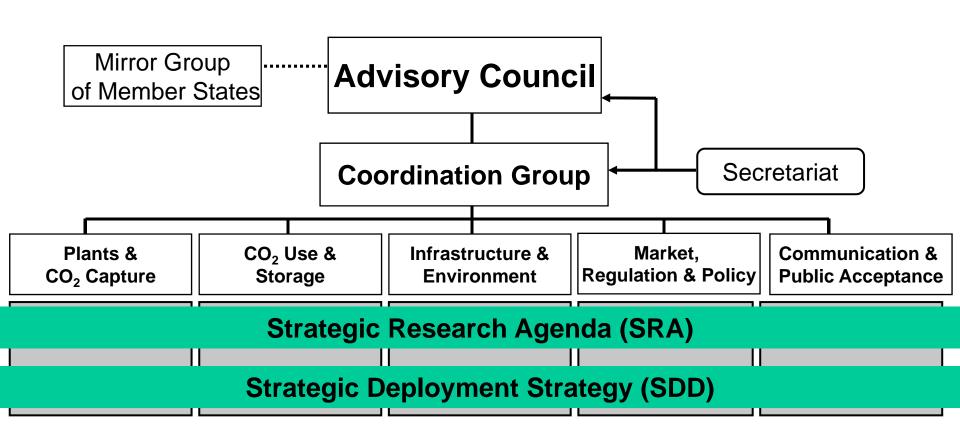
#### Advisory Council formed in June 2005

- 6 Generators: E.ON, Endesa, Enel, Energi E2, RWE, Vattenfall
- 6 Equipment suppliers: Ansaldo, ALSTOM, Air Liquide, Foster Wheeler, Mitsui Babcock, Siemens
- 5 Oil and Gas: BP, Shell, Statoil, Total, Schlumberger
- 5 Research: BGS, CIRCE, IFP, Polish CMI, GEUS
- 3 NGOs: Bellona, Climate Action Network Europe, WWF
- Chair: Kurt Haege/Vattenfall Vice-Chairs: Olivier Appert/IFP, Gardiner Hill/BP, Charles Soothill/ALSTOM

Formally launched 1 Dec 2005

#### European Technology Platform ZEP: Zero Emission Fossil Fuel Power Plants Organisational structure





### **ZEP Action: Key Outputs and Timing**



Launch event 12.2005

Vision paper 05.2006

**Brochure 08.2006** 

Working reports 09.2006

**SRA and SDD 09.2006** 

www.zero-emissionplatform.eu

1st General assembly 12./13.09.2006, Brussels

Task forces to implement SRA/SDD recommendations 01.2007

2nd General assembly 2./3.10.2007, Paris

Active future role:

Support project development (e.g. JTIs)

Support dialogue about developing roadmap

**Mobilise exploratory research** 

Support international cooperation (projects, workshops, exchange programs)

Assess technology and project areas

Define and promote regulatory requirements and commercial incentives

**Define and execute communication strategy** 

Find financial sources (industry, EU, national)

### SRA Recommendations



The Strategic Research Agenda describes a collaborative programme of technology development for reducing the costs and risks of deployment

- Urgently implementing 10-12 integrated, large-scale CCS demonstration projects Europe-wide
- Developing new concepts already identified, but not validated, for demonstration by 2010-2015 and implementation beyond 2020
- Supporting long-term exploratory research into advanced, innovative concepts for implementation of next-generation technology by 2050
- Maximising cooperation at national, European and international level
- Strengthening and accelerating R&D priorities to support the Strategic Deployment Document, informed by experience from demonstration projects and parallel R&D projects.

#### **SDD Recommendations**



The Strategic Deployment Document **outlines how to accelerate the** market for **efficient zero emission power production**.

- Kick-starting the CO<sub>2</sub> value chain with urgent short- and longterm commercial incentive
- Establishing a regulatory framework for the geological storage of CO<sub>2</sub>
- Gaining public support via a comprehensive public information campaign:
- Establishing robust RD&D funding under the FP7 and national programmes:
  - Improve energy conversion efficiency, reduce cost and reduce scale-up risk of CO<sub>2</sub> capture technology
  - Undertake EU-wide mapping of large CO<sub>2</sub> sources and geological storage
  - -By 2008, establish a "Joint Technology Initiative" as part of a portfolio of mechanisms for maximising European co-operation.

#### Four Task Forces Established



#### Objective to drive forward SDD and SRA recommendations

- Technology
- Demonstration and Implementation
- Policy and Regulation
- Public Communication

## Four Key Taskforces (1)



#### **TECHNOLOGY**

#### Organise R&D

- Map R&D needs and identify gaps and priorities
- Provide input for FP7 update
- Improve coordination between national programmes and FP7
- Maintain ZEP papers through technology assessment

#### Secure funding

- Map need of additional funding for R&D
- Via public bodies and PPPs

#### Network and disseminate

 Organise technical days at networking researchers and industry

#### **DEMONSTRATION & IMPLEMENTATION**

#### Organise and finance demonstration projects

- Specify 10-12 demo projects (technology, location, contractors, financing)
- Initiate PPPs
- Establish cooperation between industrial partners
- Initiate projects in eastern & southern Europe, India and China

#### Disseminate the knowledge

Organise events and communicate best practise

#### Map regulatory problems

- Develop framework for risk analysis
- Map existing legal barriers

## Four Key Taskforces (2)



#### **POLICY & REGULATION**

Close cooperation with EU to identify regulatory issues

- Regulatory work DG TREN, ENV, ...
- Public funding for R&D (FP7, JTI, EIB, ...)

Coordinate between ZEP TFs, EC and nationa governments

**Develop commercial incentives** 

**Ensure that CCS is introduced under ETS** 

Propose regulation corresponding to GHG avoidance costs

Map MS' involvement and disseminate best practice

#### PUBLIC COMMUNICATION

Develop and execute communication strategy

- Educational task
- Political debate/parliament

Push implementation of CCS in Member States
Involve NGOs

**Ensure transparency and communication of results** 

## **ZEP Country Profiles**



- Country Profiles are being produced via the ZEP Government Coordination Group to assist the Task Forces – these have a common structure including:
  - Background information, national energy context, etc.
  - R&D, both public and private
  - Implementation activities
  - Public acceptance
  - Government policy
  - Lessons for ZEP what can we learn from this MS?

Drafts presented at ZEP AC meeting, Potsdam, 12<sup>th</sup> June 2007

#### **ZEP:** Summary



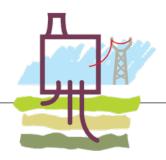
#### A major initiative addressing a key issue

- Setting pathway for zero emission fossil fuel power generation
- Important in European and global context
- Technology applicable for world application
  - Retrofit
  - New plant

#### A major action involving all stakeholders

- All appropriate industrial sectors
- Research community and technology providers
- NGOs
- Governments

### A Triple Approach



Reducing emissions and increasing efficiency in ecologically and economically optimised steps

- Modernisation of existing plants: SO<sub>2</sub>, NO<sub>x</sub>, dust, retrofit
- Construction of new state-of-the-art power plants

Development of high-efficiency power stations with the aim to minimise consumption of resources and reduce specific emissions, particularly those of CO<sub>2</sub>

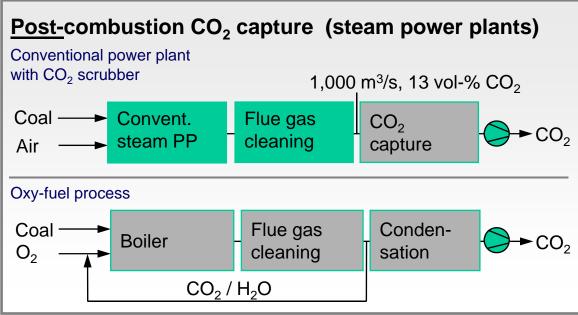
**New Technologies for CO<sub>2</sub> capture and storage** 

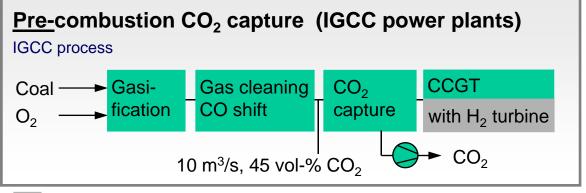
## Main Technology Options for CO<sub>2</sub> Capture from Power Plants



# Three technologies seem capable to fulfil the primary target to 2020

- All largely contain known technology and components
- All need optimization, scale up and process integration
- Power process
   efficiency increase is
   always a supporting
   activity





Development demand

#### To Summarise.....

- Fossil fuels global use will increase during the next decades
- The CLEAN COAL concept fits in the context of climate protection as well as security of supply
- The Technology platform ZEP wants to give a major thrust to the development of the CO<sub>2</sub>-free power plant
- FENCO will help to coordinate underpinning R&D to achieve this

#### **UK Demonstration Plant**



Competition announced in March 2007 budget

Details included in May 2007 Energy White Paper

#### For Further Information...



#### Please refer to the following web sites:

www.fenco-era.net



www.zero-emissionplatform.eu





Thank you for your attention.